



WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 17, 1905.

THE ORDER of the Panama Canal Commission, by which all material and ships to be used in the construction of the Panama canal are to be purchased in the cheapest market, whether that market be at home or abroad, has opened the eyes of the people to the facts which the republican party has been attempting to suppress for a third of a century. The matter was not discussed at the Cabinet meeting yesterday. No member of the Cabinet would make any comment on the action of Mr. Roosevelt and the Secretary of War, although several of them concealed privately that the action of the commission would precipitate a tariff discussion as soon as Congress met, and that the government's embarkation in the transportation business by buying ships and running them and by running a railroad across the isthmus would eventually cause the republican party much trouble because it would, if successful, seem to place the endorsement of the federal government upon the problem of government ownership of railroads and steamships. The statement was made at the President's direction and has been given the widest publicity. Secretary Shaw is known to regard the announcement of this policy as an assault on the principle of protection, and "in the house of its friends." The announcement is likely to bring in a flood of protests from American manufacturers who have contributed liberally to the republican campaign fund. The action is regarded in some quarters as a very frank notice to these manufacturers that they must come down in their prices. All sorts of apologies have been made for high tariff and trusts, but the object lesson the President has cast upon the screen is simply incontrovertible.

MR. JAMES R. CATON in yesterday's *Gazette* announced his withdrawal from the race for Lieutenant Governor of the State. He gave his reasons for this action in his card. Mr. Caton deferred announcing his candidacy until he had been led to believe that Mr. J. Taylor Ellyson would not be a candidate. The latter, however, for reasons best known to himself, later concluded to enter the contest. Mr. Caton had in the meantime been untrifling in his canvass, and throughout the State had received many flattering assurances of support; but, like many other good democrats, realizing Mr. Ellyson's services for the party, and suffering as he is from impaired health, he has concluded to abandon the field. Mr. Caton has during late years represented this city and county in the Legislature, and has been untrifling in his work for the good of his constituents and State, and while his fellow citizens would have rejoiced with him in his elevation to the position of Lieutenant Governor, they would also have told his loss as a Delegate. He will, like many others, await his time with patience. He is now a familiar figure in Virginia politics, and the time may come when the people of the Old Dominion, appreciating his ability, will move him higher up on the political ladder. In the meanwhile his Alexandria city and county constituents hope that he may be induced to again represent them in the House of Delegates. It is believed that should he announce himself for re-election for the position which he has so efficiently held for the past years he would have a clear field.

SENSATIONAL preachers have found a friend in Bishop Henry Spellmyer, of Cincinnati, who recently said: "I care not what method you use, so you save souls. Since I have come to Cincinnati I have found that there are some unusual methods in vogue here. But it's all right so long as those methods are successful. Any method is all right if you save souls by it. If a man will come to hear the Gospel when the preacher wears a red coat, by all means discard the black coat and wear the red one. I want to say here that with all the authority that is vested in me you will have my support for any method, sensational though it may be, so long as it brings souls into God's kingdom."

The Bishop may mean well, but that any lasting good follows acrobatic and sensational preaching has long been a mooted question among the observant. Such procedures tend rather to cheapen the profession in the eyes of the world.

BEFORE the Senate committee on interstate commerce, which is investigating railroad rates, President George R. Robbins, of the Armour Car Lines Company, yesterday, in Washington, admitted that the company had 20 or 30 exclusive contracts with railroads for fruit-transportation business, and acknowledged a monopoly of that traffic in parts of the West and South. Wherever these exclusive contracts applied, he admitted, the producers and shippers of fruit had to accept the rates laid down by the Armours. He claimed that his company was a private one, and, therefore, not subject to the interstate commerce laws. After such admissions it

it strange that so many people are demanding that legislation should be enacted to regulate the railroads?

A BRONZE statue erected in Memphis, Tenn., to the memory of Lieut. Gen. Nathan B. Forrest was unveiled yesterday, Gen. George Gordon delivering the oration. Gen. Forrest was one of the geniuses developed by the civil war. Comparatively unlettered and entering the army as a minor officer he soon became one of the South's greatest, most original and dazzling soldiers. In his address at the dedication of the monument Gen. Gordon said:

His natural endowments, both physical and mental, were extraordinary. He began his military career at the age of 40, the same age at which Caesar began his conquest of the nation, and, like the great Roman, he never lost a battle. He was one of the world's few commanders who could personally engage in the combat and at the same time direct the action of his men. He accomplished more with the resources at his command than any commander developed by the war—at the same time displaying more personal prowess than any, and thereby establishing a greater claim than any to be called "the American Mars."

NAN PATTERSON, it is now said, has accepted a position with a theatrical troupe and will go upon the stage. It is the old story. "When the devil was sick the devil a monk would be; when the devil was well, the devil a monk was he." When Miss Patterson was being tried for murder it was said that upon her release she would devote the remainder of her life in an endeavor to raise fallen women, &c. But then Miss Patterson was in prison. Still, what can be said of a people whose morbid curiosity or unnatural sentimentality, to put it mildly, encourage women like Miss Patterson to such an extent that theatrical managers feel justified in paying them big salaries to parade their sins—for certainly Miss Patterson's were grave and numerous. Are not the people themselves to blame for thus placing a premium upon offenses committed against the laws of God and man?

### From Washington.

Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette, Washington, D. C., May 17.

The tenth annual gathering of the National Association of Manufacturers of the United States, representing more than three-quarters of the thirteen billions of invested capital of this country, assembled in the Grand Opera House at Atlanta, yesterday. The subjects of discussion during the three days' sessions include interstate commerce and reciprocity. President D. M. Parry, of Indianapolis, made an address which was taken up largely with the consideration of the labor question, interstate commerce legislation, reciprocity and what he declared to be a strong tendency toward socialism. In the first portion of his remarks he made an appeal for the maintenance of individual and property rights, laid down by the constitution of the country. Mr. Parry favored the non-partisan organization of the substantial and law-abiding citizenship in order that they may exercise their proper influence in public affairs and counteract the work of the socialist and demagogue.

An hostile fleet under the command of Rear-Admiral Francis W. Dickens, on June 11, will attempt to force an entrance to Chesapeake bay and attack the cities of Washington and Baltimore. For the first time since the civil war the defenses of the capital city are to be thoroughly tested under conditions of the greatest secrecy and it is expected that as a result many important changes in the fortification of Chesapeake bay and the Potomac river will be made. The attacking force, its plans and operations, will be under the command of Rear-Admiral Dickens, who has not reported to the Navy Department what his strategy will be or any of the details of his plan to take his fleet past the powerful forts guarding Chesapeake bay up the Potomac river. With his powerful fleet Rear-Admiral Dickens is expected, if possible, to steal by the watchful eyes of the gunners at Fort Monroe and proceed either to Baltimore or up the Potomac to attack Washington.

John G. Coolidge, U. S. charge d'affaires at Peking, China, cables the State Department this morning that the reported landing of Germans near Hai Chu now seems to have been merely in the nature of a surveying party. He says that the whole affair is largely a matter of Chinese rumor.

The conference of State and provincial board of health adjourned its twentieth meeting at noon today after electing officers. Dr. Richard H. Lewis, of Raleigh, N. C., is president.

An official summary of the appropriations made at the last session of Congress prepared by Chiefs Clerks Claves and Courts, of the Senate and House committees on appropriations respectively, shows a grand total of \$820,184,634.96, besides contracts authorized requiring future appropriations in the sum of \$26,770,057.63. A comparison with the appropriations of the preceding session shows an increase of \$39,012,259.78. New offices and employments authorized amount to \$6,658 in number, involving annual compensation of \$5,444,572.

Two dispatches from Mr. Bowen sent to the State Department by him while he was Minister at Caracas and relating to Mr. Loomis' alleged connection with some companies doing business in Venezuela together with correspondence which passed on the subject of those companies between President Castro and Loomis have been mislaid. These dispatches are said to have an important bearing on the Venezuelan affairs, and a close search is being made for them.

Members of the Patterson family this morning confirmed the stories of a \$2,000 a week theatrical contract signed by Nan with a firm of Music Hall proprietors. She is to shine as a star by leading six girls in a Florida dance especially composed for her.

The "standpatters" or the republican party and the high chiefs of the organization in the great manufacturing States are joining in a howl of indignant protest against the plan of Secretary Taft to purchase supplies for the Panama canal in foreign markets whenever such articles can be bought cheaper than at home. "It is a step toward socialism," shouts one; "Taft is a free trader," cries

another; "It will give the country to the democrats," exclaims a third; and one and all are joining in a demand upon the President to "call off" the obnoxious programme and declare for the salvation of the party that every dollar's worth of material must be of American goods made in American shops. "The people of the United States must pay for the canal with their own money," said a cabinet officer this morning, "and, they are not going to stand for the expenditure of that money abroad. Suppose the prices in the American markets are a little higher than they are abroad, what of it? Taft's defense of the move is that he wishes to force Congress to pass a law directing the purchase of supplies at home. That sounds all right at first blush, but let us look at the effect of the scheme. Several millions of dollars' worth of materials must be purchased before Congress meets, and while these foreign purchases are being made the soreness throughout the country will continue to grow. The enemies of the republican party and of the President will stir up the laboring classes to a high pitch of discontent long before the convening of Congress. When Congress finally gets hold of the matter the country will be pretty well stirred up, and if the much needed law is then passed it will look to a man up a tree as if the Administration had been 'turned down' by his own party." It is charged by the standpatters that the Taft plan was sanctioned by the President after little or no consideration of its possible consequences.

Representative Davis of Minnesota, who talked with the President this morning on rate legislation and tariff matters, is authority for the statement that the Chief Magistrate will push both subjects before Congress. "The President has not needed one step from his stand on either tariff readjustment or rate legislation," said Mr. Davis. "The Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce cannot run the country and if they do not prepare a bill that means something the President will use his influence to have one prepared that will carry out his ideas of justice to the shippers both large and small."

Dr. Jacob H. Hollender, the special agent sent to Santo Domingo by the President to investigate the financial condition of the country and the solidity of the existing government, had a consultation with the President this morning. Later in the day Dr. Hollender returned and had lunch with the President when the discussion was resumed. He said: "There is not a hint of trouble down there now, and as every one seems so well satisfied with the programme that is being carried out, there seems to be no reason why the pleasant state of affairs should not continue."

### News of the Day.

King Edward has appointed King Alfonso of Spain a general in the British army.

Pineapples by the thousands are arriving at Baltimore and prices are most reasonable.

Owing to the thick fog that hung over the ocean off New York the start for the 3000 mile ocean race was postponed.

J. P. Morgan is interested in a \$200,000,000 company, which is promoting electric light and pneumatic tube systems for London.

Two new battleships, two cruisers and several smaller warships are nearly ready at Cronstadt to be sent as reinforcements to Admiral Rojestvensky.

City Councilman Bushrod M. Watts, of Baltimore, was held up and robbed by a highwayman, within half a block of his home last night, and "Chick" Wooden is held as a suspect.

Resolutions were adopted at Topeka yesterday by the United Brethren's Conference postponing the question of the consolidation with the Methodist Protestant and Congregational Churches until Thursday.

Sir Mortimer Durand, British ambassador to the United States, sailed for New York yesterday and before his departure said there was no indication at present that Russia or Japan intended to ask for good offices to secure peace.

The man who wrote "John Brown's Body," "Shoo Fly, Don't Bother Me" and other noted songs, Thomas Brigham Bishop, died in Philadelphia yesterday at his home, 807 North Sixty-third street. He was borne in Wayne, Maine, June 29, 1835.

The Russian chief of staff has authorized the statement that the Russian losses from February 19 to March 14, including the battle and retreat from Mukden, numbered 1,935 officers and 87,677 privates killed, wounded and missing.

Reports were current in Wall Street New York yesterday that both the Alexander and the Hyde sides in the Equitable controversy are willing to call the fight off. Both factions, it was said, are beginning to realize that the situation is getting beyond their control, and fearing for their own interests are willing to make concessions to secure peace.

Two masked men held up a trolley car on the Tamaqua and Lansford Street Railway at a turn-off west of Mauch Chunk, Pa., at about 9:30 o'clock last night, shot one of the passengers, took all of their valuables and escaped. A posse pursued, and the bandits were surrounded in a box car. They were captured and taken to Mauch Chunk.

The one-month-old child of Henry Yantes, of Columbus, Ohio, which was bitten by a rat about a week ago, died yesterday. The baby was left in the cradle by its mother, who went to another portion of the house on a household errand, and when she returned she saw a rat gnawing the face of the screaming baby. The rat had bitten its face in many places.

Major General Sokolovsky, governor general of the province of Ufa, Russia, was fired at several times and seriously wounded yesterday morning in the public garden during an entertainment. His assailant disappeared. General Sokolovsky's life is despaired of, though he retains complete consciousness. Vice Governor Bogdanovich has taken over the administration of the province.

### Son Lost Mother.

"Consumption runs in our family, and through it I lost my mother," writes E. B. Reid, of Harmony, Pa. "For the past five years, however, on the slightest sign of a Cough or Cold, I have taken Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which has saved my life. I was a sad loss for Mr. Reid, but he learned that lung trouble must not be neglected and how to cure it. Quickest relief and cure for coughs and colds. Price 50c and \$1.00 guaranteed at E. S. Leadbetter & Sons' drug store. Trial bottle free.

### Virginia News.

At a meeting of the North Carolina Pine Association in Norfolk yesterday the price of high-grade lumber was increased 25 per cent.

Reuben F. Ragland, chief of police of Petersburg, was suspended from office for five days yesterday, by Major Jones, for alleged insubordination.

Mrs. Marion B. Mitchell died at White Post, Clarke county, on Friday last. She was a daughter of the late Thomas Deye and Harriet Norman Cockey.

Mrs. Jane Louise Tyler, aged 81 years, widow of Dr. W. H. Tyler, died at the home of her grandson, Frederick Griffith, at Hague, yesterday.

Judge William Hodges Mann, candidate for governor, and Senator Thomas S. Martin addressed a large and enthusiastic audience in Staunton last night. The speeches were along the lines of those delivered at Harrisonburg the day before.

A. J. Turner, organizer and first director of the Stonewall Brigade Band, and for years musical director at the asylum for the deaf, dumb, and blind at Staunton, died Sunday night at Indianapolis, Ind., aged ninety years. He lived in Staunton for many years.

The grand jury of Elizabeth City County Circuit Court yesterday indicted Policeman Robert A. Phillips on the charge of "deliberate murder" in connection with the shooting and killing of Artilleryman George Downey in Phoebus last week, on the occasion of the trouble between the officers and the artillerymen.

As anticipated Secretary Taft has appointed Major General Lunsford L. Lomax, of Virginia, a member of the Gettysburg Battlefield Park Commission to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Major W. M. Robins, of North Carolina, one of the Confederate commissioners. With the single exception of Major General Robert F. Hoke, of North Carolina, General Lomax is the senior officer of the survivors of the Army of Northern Virginia.

General Manager Dupuy, of the Tidewater Railroad Company, announces that the contract for 100 miles of the coal road from Sewell's Point through Norfolk and Suffolk has been let to Oliver & Sands, of Roanoke. The road will reach to Smoky Mountain in Brunswick county. The tracks will extend between the Norfolk and Western and the Southern Railways. The roadbed is to be completed to Suffolk by September 1 and the 100 miles are to be finished December 31. Mr. Sands, or the contracting firm, was formerly vice president of the Southern Railway.

### CONSECRATED BY BISHOP GIBSON.

Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, the large and handsome new stone house of worship erected at Charlottesville, to replace the old church, the plans of which were drawn by Thomas Jefferson, while he was a member of the vestry, was consecrated yesterday morning, on the eve of the one hundred and tenth annual session of the Episcopal Council of Virginia.

The services began at 11:40 o'clock and were led by Right Rev. R. A. Gibson, bishop of the diocese, assisted by Rev. H. B. Lee, rector of Christ Church; Rev. Robt. White, of Stauntonville, Va.; Rev. W. H. McGee, of Albemarle, and Rev. H. H. Williams, of Charlottesville. There were present at the exercises many of the leading clergy of the diocese of Virginia.

The consecration sermon was preached by Rev. H. B. Lee, jr., of St. Thomas's Church, Baltimore, son of the rector of Christ Church.

Yesterday evening was given up to the confirmation service, which was held with Revs. H. B. Lee, W. H. McGee and H. H. Williams taking the service, and a sermon and a charge by Rt. Rev. R. A. Gibson, bishop of the diocese. The class confirmed numbered 28, bringing the total number of communicants up to 472.

The new edifice, which is tasteful and ecclesiastical, was designed by McDonald, of Louisville, Ky., and was erected at a cost of \$40,000. It includes a main auditorium, with a seating capacity of 800; organ loft and choir-room, a Sunday-school room, with a seating capacity of 200; a spacious chapel-house for the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, vestry-room, study, library and two guild-rooms for the use of the various societies. The first subscription for the new building, taken during the rectorship of Dr. J. S. Hancel, was \$5,000, and the balance of the money was raised by the present rector, Rev. Harry B. Lee.

The old church was torn down in August, 1895, and in October of the same year the cornerstone of the new structure was laid with Masonic ceremonies, Judge R. T. W. Duke presiding.

### Mr. Lee for Speaker.

Mr. Robert E. Lee, jr., of Fairfax has authorized the announcement of his candidacy for speaker of the House of Delegates. He is the grandson of the famous leader of the Confederate armies, and was born during the war while his father, Gen. W. H. F. Lee, was at the front. He is one of the most popular men in Virginia, and has a strong hold upon the affections of his fellow-members in the House. He is a man of fine physique and splendid ability. Mr. Lee lives at Ravensworth, the old Lee home, in Fairfax county.

Mr. Lee is now serving his second term in the House, is a member of the important committees on the judiciary and privileges and elections and has often presided with ability over the House. He is an able lawyer and a speaker of force and ability. There are few men in the House more popular than Mr. Lee and his friends are not confined to any particular faction of the party or of the State. Since the retirement of Mr. Samuel L. Kelly, of Richmond from the race, the chief competitor of Mr. Lee will be Mr. W. D. Cardwell, of Hanover. Other names have been mentioned, but these are the only avowed aspirants.

### Fewer Gallons; Wears Longer.

Fewer gallons; takes less of Devote Lead and Zinc than the old paint. Wears longer; twice as long as lead and oil.

### A Good Suggestion.

Mrs. C. B. Wainwright of Lemon City, Fla., has written the manufacturers that much better results are obtained from the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy in cases of pains in the stomach, colic and cholera morbus by taking it in water as hot as can be drunk. That when taken in this way the effect is double in rapidity. "It seems to get at the right spot instantly," he says. For sale by Gibson & Timberman and W. F. Creighton & Co.

### Today's Telegraphic News

#### Fourth Baltic Fleet.

Cronstadt, Russia, May 17.—Vice Admiral Bireff, who is commander-in-chief of the Russian fleets in Baltic ports, has issued an order to the commanders of the vessels which will comprise the fourth Baltic squadron, to be ready to sail for the far East on June 14. The main ships of the new squadron, it is expected, will consist of two new battleships, two cruisers, a torpedo cruiser and a gunboat. There will also be several minor vessels. The admiralty is placing a great deal of reliance on the new squadron. The officials believe that even if Rojestvensky should be defeated in the expected conflict with Admiral Togo he will be able to inflict so much damage on the Japanese that the fourth squadron will be strong enough to give Russia the balance of power on the sea in the far East.

#### To Limit Freedom of the Press.

St. Petersburg, May 17.—Further steps to limit the freedom of the press, which already has been under the strictest censorship, have been taken by the government. The latest rule adopted gives the Minister of the Interior the right to suppress any newspaper. The only stipulation made on the minister is that he must inform the Senate of any action of this kind taken against a paper. By means of this new ruling, it will be possible for the government to put out of circulation any paper that dares to print accounts of disturbances in different parts of the country, which the government wishes suppressed, or publish any articles derogatory to the government.

#### Important Events Anticipated.

Birmingham, Eng., May 17.—The Post says that important developments may be expected in China in the near future. The Chinese army under the command of General Ma, which has been occupying a position on the Manchurian frontier since the beginning of the war and threatening the Russians in case they should violate China's neutrality by crossing the border has withdrawn into the interior. This is taken as an indication that China believes her frontier is no longer threatened and the Post believes that important developments are certain to follow the withdrawal from the front.

#### Blames Disasters on Grand Dukes.

Manchester, Eng., May 17.—According to the Dispatch, a letter from the Czarina, written to a friend in Darmstadt, Germany, has fallen into the hands of German officials. In the letter the Czarina blames the Grand Dukes for the disasters which have overtaken Russia. She also bitterly criticizes the action of Germany in endeavoring to profit by the misfortunes of her neighbor. The Kaiser is said to have read the letter and much unpleasantness has been caused between the two courts, as a result of the free expression of opinion by the Czarina.

#### General Sokolovsky's Condition.

Ufa, Russia, May 17.—The condition of General Sokolovsky, governor of the province of Ufa, who was shot yesterday during an entertainment in municipal gardens, is regarded as dangerous. Several shots were fired by the would-be assassin, who made his escape and has not been apprehended. The shooting of General Sokolovsky is the second crime of the kind to be committed in Ufa, within two years. His predecessor, Gen. Rogdanovich having been assassinated on May 19th, 1903.

#### Admiral Rojestvensky's Fleet.

Hong Kong, May 17.—Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet left Hong Kong bay on the Annam coast on Sunday. This report was made by the German steamer Wenghoi, which arrived here today. The Wenghoi passed Hong Kong bay on Monday morning, and saw the Baltic fleet, numbering fifty vessels, leaving the bay. The captain of the Wenghoi gave exact details as to the positions of the different vessels in the fleet and says that the flagship dipped her flag in salute to the Wenghoi.

#### Americans in Siberia.

St. Petersburg, May 17.—The admission of Americans to the frontier district of Siberia, which has been refused hitherto, and the granting of certain privileges to them which have always been denied, may follow the agitation of the subject which is now going on. The Department of Mining to which many appeals have been made is now considering the matter and it is believed that the announcement of a new policy granting liberal privileges to Americans in the regions will follow.

#### Cannard Aground.

Sandy Hook, N. J., May 17.—The Cunard steamer Caronia, which went aground on the north side of the main channel near Flynn's Knoll, during the dense fog yesterday afternoon when she tried to find her way out through the channel, was still aground this morning. The wrecking tug I. G. Merritt, and the tug William P. Taylor made efforts to pull the big liner from her position, but were unsuccessful, and were obliged to give up the attempt when the tide began lowering this morning. It is believed now the vessel will have to be lighted off some before she can be gotten off. No apprehensions are felt for the ship's safety as she lies on a sand bottom.

#### Disappearance of Little Girl.

New York, May 17.—The police have sent out a general alarm for Irene Helen Thurston, a pretty three-year-old baby, who is believed to have been kidnapped. Mrs. Nellie Hayes, a friend of the Thurston family, called yesterday morning and said she was about to sail for England. Mrs. Hayes was very fond of Irene and begged Mrs. Thurston to give her permission to take the child for a walk, the last she could have with her. Mrs. Thurston granted the request. Mrs. Hayes went away with the child and since then the couple have disappeared. Mr. and Mrs. Thurston are distracted over the disappearance of the child.

#### Explosion at Powder Mill.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 17.—One of the buildings of the Oliver Powder Company, at Laurel Run, blew up at 8 o'clock this morning, causing a damage of several thousand dollars. The explosion occurred in the mixer and set fire to the powder press in an adjoining building, which was also consumed. None of the employees was injured, although several were thrown to the ground and had narrow escapes.

#### The Market.

Georgetown, May 17.—Wheat 90.85.

### The Kaiser's Cup Race.

Navesink Highlands, N. J., May 17. The Kaiser's cup race, from the Sandy Hook light vessel to the Lizard, England, will start at noon today. The heavy fog and mist which prevented the yacht from being sent off yesterday on their long journey of 3,000 miles was dispelled during the night, the conditions, too, for a lively start were bright. The first part of the race for England's shores will be a beat to windward. A fine eight knot whipsail breeze came out of the east by northeast this morning. Only on the far horizon was there a curtain of mist. The angry sea of last night had flattened down and wind and water conditions were excellent for a start. It was just the day that the skippers of the fore-and-aft rigged vessels were looking for and just the sort of a day to make the hearts of the skippers of the square rigged ships heavy with disgust. With the fair breeze and smooth seas the yawl Ailsa was most happily suited, and the old salts at the Hook declared that if the present conditions continue she would have a fine lead by night fall. The excursion fleet was off the Hook by ten o'clock and followed the racers out to the light ship. The disappointment of yesterday's postponement and the cold bleak air did not seem to cool the enthusiasm of spectators on the excursion craft. The wind at 10:30 was a trifle north of east and breezing at ten knots an hour. There was rolling sea. Sandy Hook light ship was obscured in an off-shore fog and the news of the start will probably be brought in by tugs.

Sandy Hook, May 17.—A tug just arrived at Sandy Hook reported that the yachts were sent away at 12:15. They crossed the line in the following order: Ailsa, first; Thistle, second; Atlantic, third; Hamburg, fourth; Hildegrade, fifth; Endymion, sixth; Fleur de Lys, seventh; Sunbeam, eighth; Apache, ninth; Etowana, tenth; Valhalla, eleventh.

### The Chicago Strike.

Chicago, May 17.—Prospects for the end of the teamsters strike have grown brighter with the arrival of President Goopers of the American Federation of Labor. It is said, he comes with a distinct plan for bringing to a speedy close the hostilities of the last six weeks. Until the arrival of the school children has cooled, no more deliveries of "non-union" coal will be made to the public school buildings unless absolutely necessary.

A drizzling rain early in the day, but threatening clouds with cold winds and slippery sidewalks, hampered the ardor of the strike sympathizers and no violence was indulged in up to noon.

### Sailed for Europe.

New York, May 17.—Mrs. Caesar Young, widow of the bookmaker who met his death mysteriously in a cab, sailed today for Europe on the steamer Majestic. John Millin, former Young's partner, and Mrs. Young's mother were also passengers. It was reported that the couple had been married and were sailing on their honeymoon, but this was denied later by Mrs. Bernard S. McKeon, sister of Mrs. Young. She said Mrs. Young was going to Europe for rest after the terrible strain she had been under for a year.

### Remains of Herbert V. Croker.

New York, May 17.—The remains of Herbert V. Croker who died suddenly on a train at Newton, Kansas, arrived here this morning. The body was at once taken to the family residence at No. 5 east 74th street where it will remain until the funeral ceremony is held. Mrs. Croker, who was prostrated by her son's death, has not yet recovered from the shock and is in an extremely nervous condition.

### The Insurrection in Arabia.

Constantinople, May 17.—Another effort will be made to crush the insurrection in Arabia and a fresh force which is expected will be strong enough to cope with the rebellious natives has been dispatched to the scene of the disorders.

### The Nan Patterson Case.

New York, May 17.—District Attorney Jerome and Assistant Attorney Rand both refused today to either deny or affirm a statement current that the District Attorney intended to put Nan Patterson on trial for the fourth time.

### Steamer Struck a Mine.

Tokio, May 17.—The steamer Chuyemaru, while on her way to Niuchwang struck a mine near the Miso islands in the Gulf of Pechili, on May 14. The vessel was beached on Elliott island.

### New York Stock Market.

New York, May 17.—Practically all the trading interests on the exchange during the first hour were either centered in St. Paul or followed the movements of that stock. The room was full of stories in which the names of the St. Paul and the Northern Pacific roads were linked. It was intimated by some heavy buyers that important developments might follow the annual meeting of Northern Pacific stockholders tomorrow. After the first hour the market reacted fractionally on small sales.

### TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A great fire which broke out at Friesenven, Holland, today destroyed two hundred houses, and two churches.

A general strike of starchers is now on in all the factories of Troy, N. Y., that have their own laundries. They are eight in number. Trouble is over wages.

The British steamer Includen was seized on Monday south of Corea. On the same day the Japanese also captured the French steamer Quang Naim, near the Pescadore islands.

Foiled in her desperate attempt to poison her father-in-law and two sons, Mrs. Kate Shannon, aged 34, of Baltimore attempted suicide early this morning by taking carbolic acid. She will probably die.

A telegram of the Reuter Telegram Company, at Paris, from London, affirms the report that 300 Germans landed at Haichin, China, on May 12. Despite the denials that have been made, the dispatch says that the Germans hosted the German flag, and saluted it.

At this morning's session, in Atlanta, Ga., of the National Association of Manufacturers, E. I. Foss, of Massachusetts, spoke on reciprocity. He favored it and the sentiment received the endorsement of the manufacturers. Samuel Spencer, President of the Southern Railway, spoke on the subject of railway legislation. A resolution favoring the general adoption of open shop received a unanimous rising vote. Secretary of Commerce and Labor Metcalf will speak tomorrow.

### To Reappear on the Stage.

Nan Patterson made a flying trip to Philadelphia yesterday and within 10 minutes after reaching the Hotel Walton she had signed a contract that calls her again before the footlights, which she left after meeting with Caesar Young.

Nan still has the horror of the ordeals upon her, for she displayed positive terror when asked to get into a hansom, and insisted that a carriage be called.

"I will never ride in one of those things again," she said. It was remembered that it was in a hansom cab that Caesar Young met his death.

Nan was in fine spirits when she reached Philadelphia. Her father had rallied, and this worry was off her mind.

When seen after luncheon she said: "I was in hopes that I would not have to return to the stage, but I realize that I must do something. I am a poor girl, and Daddie is broken in